

Strategy Pattern

알고리즘(전략)을 전부 교체해서 수정하기 쉽도록 만들기

- 언제 쓰면 좋을까?
 - 원래 알고리즘과 개선된 알고리즘의 속도 비교
 - 장기 게임에서 사용자의 난이도 선택에 따른 루틴 교체
- 장점?
 - 실행중에도 교체 가능! (예제 Client의 Player 초기화 부분 확인)

[Architecture](#), [Modeling](#), [Design Pattern](#), [Behavioral](#)

시나리오 : 가위바위보 게임

Strategy

```
public class Hand {
    public static final int HANDVALUE_ROCK = 0;
    public static final int HANDVALUE_SCISSORS = 1;
    public static final int HANDVALUE_PAPER = 2;
    private static final Hand[] hand = {
        new Hand(HANDVALUE_ROCK),
        new Hand(HANDVALUE_SCISSORS),
        new Hand(HANDVALUE_PAPER)
    };
    private static final String[] name = {
        "주먹", "가위", "보"
    };
    private int handValue;

    private Hand(int handValue) {
        this.handValue = handValue;
    }
    public static Hand getHand(int handValue) {
        return hand[handValue];
    }

    public boolean isStrongerThan(Hand h) {
        return fight(h) == 1;
    }
    public boolean isWeakerThan(Hand h) {
        return fight(h) == -1;
    }
    private int fight(Hand h) {
        if(this == h)
            return 0;
        else if((this.handValue + 1) % 3 == h.handValue)
```

```

        return 1;
    else
        return -1;
    }
    @Override
    public String toString() {
        return name[handValue];
    }
}

```

```

public interface Strategy {
    Hand nextHand();
    void study(boolean win);
}

```

```

/* 이긴손 다시 내기 */
public class WinningStrategy implements Strategy {

    private Random random;
    private boolean won = false;
    private Hand prevHand;
    public WinningStrategy() {
        this.random = new Random();
    }
    @Override
    public Hand nextHand() {
        if(!won)
            prevHand = Hand.getHand(random.nextInt(3));
        return prevHand;
    }

    @Override
    public void study(boolean win) {
        won = win;
    }
}

```

```

/* 과거 승패 이력으로 확률적으로 바꾸기 */
public class ProbStrategy implements Strategy {
    private Random random;
    private int prevHandValue;
    private int currentHandValue;
    private int[][] history = {

```

```

        {1, 1, 1},
        {1, 1, 1},
        {1, 1, 1}
    };

    public ProbStrategy() {
        this.random = new Random();
    }

    @Override
    public Hand nextHand() {
        int bet = random.nextInt(getSum(currentHandValue));
        int handValue = 0;
        if(bet < history[currentHandValue][0])
            handValue = 0;
        else if(bet < history[currentHandValue][0] +
history[currentHandValue][1])
            handValue = 1;
        else
            handValue = 2;
        prevHandValue = currentHandValue;
        currentHandValue = handValue;
        return Hand.getHand(handValue);
    }

    private int getSum(int hv) {
        return IntStream.range(0, 3).map(i -> history[hv][i]).sum();
    }

    @Override
    public void study(boolean win) {
        if(win)
            history[prevHandValue][currentHandValue]++;
        else {
            history[prevHandValue][(currentHandValue + 1) % 3]++;
            history[prevHandValue][(currentHandValue + 2) % 3]++;
        }
    }
}

```

Context

Strategy를 이용하는 역할.

```

public class Player {
    private String name;
    private Strategy strategy; // 위임!

    private int winCount;

```

```
private int loseCount;
private int gameCount;
public Player(String name, Strategy strategy) {
    super();
    this.name = name;
    this.strategy = strategy;
}
public Hand nextHand() {
    return strategy.nextHand();
}
public void win() {
    strategy.study(true);
    winCount++;
    gameCount++;
}
public void lose() {
    strategy.study(true);
    loseCount++;
    gameCount++;
}
public void even() {
    gameCount++;
}

@Override
public String toString() {
    return "Player [name=" + name + ", winCount=" + winCount + ",
loseCount=" + loseCount
        + ", gameCount=" + gameCount + "]\n";
}
}
```

Client

```
public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Player player1 = new Player("철수", new WinningStrategy());
        Player player2 = new Player("영희", new ProbStrategy());
        IntStream.range(0, 10000).forEach(i -> {
            Hand nextHand1 = player1.nextHand();
            Hand nextHand2 = player2.nextHand();
            if(nextHand1.isStgrongerThan(nextHand2)) {
                System.out.println("Winner : " + player1.toString());
                player1.win();
                player2.lose();
            }
            else if(nextHand2.isStgrongerThan(nextHand1)) {
                System.out.println("Winner : " + player2.toString());
            }
        });
    }
}
```

```
        player1.lose();
        player2.win();
    }
    else {
        System.out.println("Even!");
        player1.even();
        player2.even();
    }
});
System.out.println("\nTotal result:");
System.out.println(player1.toString());
System.out.println(player2.toString());
}
}

/*
...
Winner : Player [name=영희, winCount=7843, loseCount=2135, gameCount=9997]
Winner : Player [name=영희, winCount=7844, loseCount=2135, gameCount=9998]
Winner : Player [name=영희, winCount=7845, loseCount=2135, gameCount=9999]

Total result:
Player [name=철수, winCount=2135, loseCount=7846, gameCount=10000]
Player [name=영희, winCount=7846, loseCount=2135, gameCount=10000]
*/
```

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